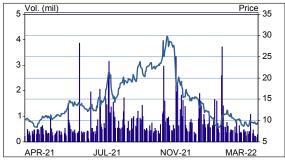
Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (ORMP) Rating: Buy

Raghuram Selvaraju, Ph.D. 212-916-3966 rselvaraju@hcwresearch.com

KOL Event Underscores ORMD-0801 Value Proposition; Reiterate Buy

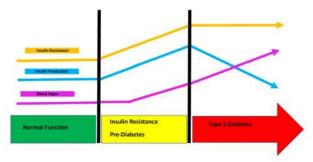
Stock Data			03/30/2022			
Price			\$9.02			
Exchange			NASDAQ			
Price Target			\$32.00			
52-Week High			\$31.54			
52-Week Low			\$7.52			
Enterprise Valu		` '				
Market Cap (M			\$345			
Public Market I		37.0				
Shares Outsta						
3 Month Avg V			663,808			
Short Interest (,		2.26			
Balance Shee	t Metrics					
Cash (M)			\$125.8			
Total Debt (M)	\$					
Total Cash/Sha		- 1	\$3.29			
Book Value/Sh			\$4.47			
EPS (\$) Diluted						
Full Year - Aug	2021A	2022E	2023E			
1Q	(0.23)	(0.20)	(0.32)			
2Q	(0.17)	(0.23)	(0.35)			
3Q	(0.17)	(0.26)	(0.38)			
4Q	(0.22)	(0.29)	(0.35)			
FY	(0.81)	(0.98)	(1.41)			
Revenue (\$M)	00044	00005	00005			
Full Year - Aug	2021A	2022E	2023E			
1Q	0.7	0.7	0.8			
2Q	0.7	0.7	0.8			
3Q	0.7	0.7	0.8			
4Q	0.7	0.7	0.8			
FY	2.7	2.8	3.2			



Experts attest to importance of effective night-time glucose production control. Yesterday, Oramed held a key opinion leader (KOL) event to discuss its lead candidate ORMD-0801 and the potential role of this candidate in effective disease management for type 2 diabetes (T2D) patients. T2D remains an area of serious unmet need, despite the availability of a plethora of medications beyond insuline.g. dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitors and sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitors—and constitutes a principal cause of ill-health. Every five seconds, at least one adult dies from the impact of diabetes globally. Patients with diabetes have significantly higher cardiovascular and kidney disease rates. The first KOL participating in Oramed's event, Anne Peters, M.D., is Professor of Medicine at the Keck School of Medicine of the University of Southern California (USC) and Director of the USC Clinical Diabetes Programs. Dr. Peters earned her medical degree from the Pritzker School of Medicine at the University of Chicago and performed an internal medicine residency at Stanford University and an endocrinology fellowship at Cedars-Sinai Medical Center. She previously directed the clinical diabetes programs at Cedars-Sinai and UCLA. Her research has focused on testing new approaches for diagnosing and treating diabetes and developing systems of care to improve outcomes in diabetic populations. Dr. Peters indicated that: (1) there is strong demand for oral insulin, which would reduce reliance on injections; (2) the ability to reduce reliance on other medications that carry substantial side effect burden, such as sulfonylureas, DPP-4 inhibitors and SGLT2 inhibitors, is highly desirable; and (3) night-time glucose over-production is one of the key drivers of worsening disease pathology in T2D patients. We reiterate our Buy rating and 12-month price target of \$32 per share.

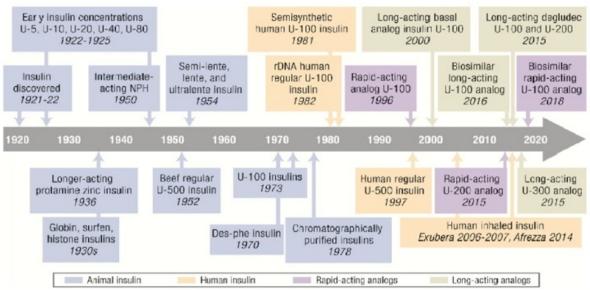
Insulin resistance and insulin deficiency go hand-in-hand. Dr. Peters explained that T2D develops as insulin resistance increases and is accompanied by rising insulin production. Subsequently, insulin production starts to decline, which is when the disease becomes firmly established, as illustrated below. Both insulin resistance and insulin deficiency need to be managed in order to effectively address T2D.

T2DM is Always Insulin Resistance + Insulin Deficiency



Source: Anne Peters, M.D., USC Keck School of Medicine.

Product profile appears directly aligned with T2D population needs. As a reminder, ORMD-0801 utilizes Oramed's drug delivery platform to enable the molecule—a peptide that typically cannot be administered orally without being degraded in the gastrointestinal (GI) tract—to be delivered intact from the stomach into the hepatic portal vein. This facilitates entry into the liver, permitting effective control of glucose production during the night. Dr. Peters indicated that an orally bioavailable insulin formulation could be positioned higher in the T2D treatment continuum, allowing for more efficient management of hyperglycemia. This would be a meaningful change in the overall use of insulin, which is currently deployed once most of the other drugs have stopped working and typically when endogenous insulin production has declined significantly. As shown below, despite a century of insulin formulation advances, the current lineup of insulin products is solely based on delivery via injection. Insulin delivery through the skin (i.e., subcutaneously) is far from ideal, since it is supposed to be secreted by the pancreas and sent into portal circulation. Thus, it is impossible to approximate natural insulin action using subcutaneous delivery. In our view, Oramed's approach is far more capable of recapitulating natural insulin action.



Source: Vanita Aroda, M.D.

Most of those on insulin do not reach the required glycemic control target, as measured via glycated hemoglobin (HbA1c) values. Two-thirds of patients are above the 7.5% threshold and one-third are above the 9% threshold. Continuous blood glucose monitoring (CBGM) technology has enabled detailed insight into the extent to which glucose control differs between non-diabetic and diabetic patients. One of the key issues with many T2D patients is their unwillingness to take insulin injections, even though their glucose levels are not properly controlled. Over time, uncontrolled glucose production causes a host of health issues, mostly related to cardiovascular and renal function. Oral insulin delivery may prevent such problems, while also eliminating weight gain by blocking cells from absorbing excess glucose, which gets converted into fat. Alexander Fleming, M.D., was the second participating KOL. He spent over a decade at the FDA, where he was responsible for the therapeutic areas of diabetes, other metabolic and endocrine disorders, growth and development, nutrition, lipid-lowering compounds, and reproductive indications. Dr. Fleming received his M.D. degree and internal medicine training from Emory University. He completed fellowship training in endocrinology at Vanderbilt University and metabolism at the National Institutes of Health (NIH), where he was a senior fellow. In assessing the Phase 2b data with ORMD-0801, Dr. Fleming characterized the efficacy profile as indicative of "very meaningful glycemic control without any increase in hypoglycemia—something that cannot be achieved with existing injected insulin products." In a survey conducted by IQVIA (IQV; not rated) for Oramed, 76% of healthcare practitioners (HCPs) indicated a willingness to prescribe oral insulin and only 1% stating that they would not prescribe a product with the target profile associated with the ORMD-0801 Phase 2b data set.

Multiple additional catalysts in the offing. Oramed's late-stage clinical programs continue to advance apace. ORA-D-013-1, the larger of two concurrent Phase 3 oral insulin trials with ORMD-0801, has enrolled more than 75% of the planned 675 subjects. In addition, more than 25% of the planned 450 patients in Oramed's second Phase 3 trial, ORA-D-013-2, have been enrolled. The company expects six-month top-line efficacy results from the ORA-D-013-1 trial to be reported in 2022, while the ORA-D-013-2 trial is slated to complete enrollment in 2022 as well.

Valuation methodology, risks and uncertainties. Factoring in a 12% discount rate, a 75% probability of approval for ORMD-0801, and peak annual sales of \$2.6B (on which we project double-digit percentage royalties), we derive a total risk-adjusted net present value (rNPV) of \$800M for this candidate within the diabetes indication alone. We add to this the value from ORMD-0801 in the non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) indication, to which we ascribe an rNPV of \$50M, as well as our anticipated value for Oramed's pipeline, mainly ORMD-0901 and the Oravax program (total value of \$250M), to derive a total enterprise value of approximately \$1.2B. This yields a price objective of \$32 per share, assuming net cash of \$154M—resulting in a total firm value of \$1.3B—and roughly 40M fully diluted shares outstanding as of end-F2022. Risks include,

but are not limited to: (1) delays in pivotal testing of ORMD-0801; (2) adverse results from future clinical trials; (3) negative regulatory actions; and (4) medium to long-term dilution risk.

Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

March 31, 2022

Table 1: Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (ORMP)—Historical Income Statements, Financial Projections

FY end August 31

\$ in thousands, except per share data

	2021A				2022E						
_	1QA	2QA	3QA	4QA	2021A	1QE	2QE	3QE	4QE	2022E	2023E
Revenue											
Product revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research and other	674	665	681	683	2,703	700	700	700	700	2,800	3,200
Total revenue	674	665	681	683	2,703	700	700	700	700	2,800	3,200
Expenses											
Cost of product and service revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research & development	5,774	3,869	5,502	5,844	20,989	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000	30,000	43,000
Selling and marketing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General and administrative	727	1,664	1,297	2,249	5,937	2,300	2,500	2,800	3,000	10,600	15,000
Total expenses	6,501	5,533	6,799	8,093	26,926	8,300	9,500	10,800	12,000	40,600	58,000
Gain (loss) from operations	(5,827)	(4,868)	(6,118)	(7,410)	(24,223)	(7,600)	(8,800)	(10,100)	(11,300)	(37,800)	(54,800)
Other income/expense											
Financial income	257	260	493	232	1,242	160	140	300	260	860	860
Financial expense	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment of available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total investment income and other	257	260	493	224	1,234	160	140	300	260	860	860
Loss before provision for income taxes	(5,570)	(4,608)	(5,625)	(7,186)	(22,989)	(7,440)	(8,660)	(9,800)	(11,040)	(36,940)	(53,940)
Deferred income tax benefit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	418	333	751	500	500	500	500	2,000	3,200
Net loss/income	(5,570)	(4,608)	(5,207)	(7,186)	(22,989)	(7,440)	(8,660)	(9,800)	(11,040)	(36,940)	(53,940)
Net loss per share (basic)	(0.23)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.22)	(0.81)	(0.20)	(0.23)	(0.26)	(0.29)	(0.98)	(1.41)
Net loss per share (diluted)	(0.23)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.22)	(0.81)	(0.20)	(0.23)	(0.26)	(0.29)	(0.98)	(1.41)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (basic)	23,746	27,004	29,930	33,196	28,469	36,690	38,111	38,161	38,211	37,793	38,336
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (diluted)	23,746	27,004	29,930	33,196	28,469	36,690	38,111	38,161	38,211	37,793	38,336

Source: Company reports and H.C. Wainwright & Co. estimates.

Important Disclaimers

This material is confidential and intended for use by Institutional Accounts as defined in FINRA Rule 4512(c). It may also be privileged or otherwise protected by work product immunity or other legal rules. If you have received it by mistake, please let us know by e-mail reply to unsubscribe@hcwresearch.com and delete it from your system; you may not copy this message or disclose its contents to anyone. The integrity and security of this message cannot be guaranteed on the Internet.

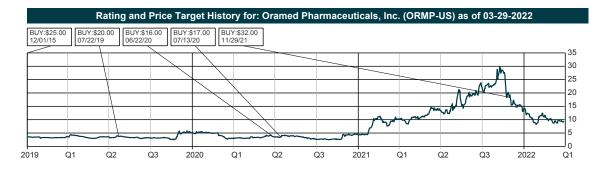
H.C. WAINWRIGHT & CO, LLC RATING SYSTEM: H.C. Wainwright employs a three tier rating system for evaluating both the potential return and risk associated with owning common equity shares of rated firms. The expected return of any given equity is measured on a RELATIVE basis of other companies in the same sector. The price objective is calculated to estimate the potential movements in price that a given equity could reach provided certain targets are met over a defined time horizon. Price objectives are subject to external factors including industry events and market volatility.

RETURN ASSESSMENT

Market Outperform (Buy): The common stock of the company is expected to outperform a passive index comprised of all the common stock of companies within the same sector.

Market Perform (Neutral): The common stock of the company is expected to mimic the performance of a passive index comprised of all the common stock of companies within the same sector.

Market Underperform (Sell): The common stock of the company is expected to underperform a passive index comprised of all the common stock of companies within the same sector.



Investment Banking Services include, but are not limited to, acting as a manager/co-manager in the underwriting or placement of securities, acting as financial advisor, and/or providing corporate finance or capital markets-related services to a company or one of its affiliates or subsidiaries within the past 12 months.

Distribution of Ratings Table as of March 29, 2022						
			IB Se	IB Service/Past 12 Months		
Ratings	Count	Percent	Count	Percent		
Buy	589	91.32%	183	31.07%		
Neutral	47	7.29%	12	25.53%		
Sell	1	0.16%	0	0.00%		
Under Review	8	1.24%	1	12.50%		

H.C. Wainwright & Co, LLC (the "Firm") is a member of FINRA and SIPC and a registered U.S. Broker-Dealer.

I, Raghuram Selvaraju, Ph.D., certify that 1) all of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect my personal views about any and all subject securities or issuers discussed; and 2) no part of my compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendation or views expressed in this research report; and 3) neither myself nor any members of my household is an officer, director or advisory board member of these companies.

None of the research analysts or the research analyst's household has a financial interest in the securities of Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (including, without limitation, any option, right, warrant, future, long or short position).

As of February 28, 2022 neither the Firm nor its affiliates beneficially own 1% or more of any class of common equity securities of Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc.. Affiliates of H.C. Wainwright beneficially own 1% or more of the common equity securities of Oravax Medical Inc., a joint-venture that is majority-owned by Oramed Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Neither the research analyst nor the Firm knows or has reason to know of any other material conflict of interest at the time of publication of this research report.

The research analyst principally responsible for preparation of the report does not receive compensation that is based upon any specific investment banking services or transaction but is compensated based on factors including total revenue and profitability of the Firm, a substantial portion of which is derived from investment banking services.

The firm or its affiliates received compensation from Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for non-investment banking services in the previous 12 months.

The Firm or its affiliates did receive compensation from Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for investment banking services within twelve months before, and will seek compensation from the companies mentioned in this report for investment banking services within three months following publication of the research report.

H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC managed or co-managed a public offering of securities for Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. during the past 12 months.

The Firm does not make a market in Oramed Pharmaceuticals, Inc. as of the date of this research report.

The securities of the company discussed in this report may be unsuitable for investors depending on their specific investment objectives and financial position. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report is offered for informational purposes only, and does not constitute an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any securities discussed herein in any jurisdiction where such would be prohibited. This research report is not intended to provide tax advice or to be used to provide tax advice to any person. Electronic versions of H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC research reports are made available to all clients simultaneously. No part of this report may be reproduced in any form without the expressed permission of H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC. Additional information available upon request.

- H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC does not provide individually tailored investment advice in research reports. This research report is not intended to provide personal investment advice and it does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of any specific person. Investors should seek financial advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in financial instruments and implementing investment strategies discussed or recommended in this research report.
- H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC's and its affiliates' salespeople, traders, and other professionals may provide oral or written market commentary or trading strategies that reflect opinions that are contrary to the opinions expressed in this research report.
- H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC and its affiliates, officers, directors, and employees, excluding its analysts, will from time to time have long or short positions in, act as principal in, and buy or sell, the securities or derivatives (including options and warrants) thereof of covered companies referred to in this research report.

The information contained herein is based on sources which we believe to be reliable but is not guaranteed by us as being accurate and does not purport to be a complete statement or summary of the available data on the company, industry or security discussed in the report. All opinions and estimates included in this report constitute the analyst's judgment as of the date of this report and are subject to change without notice.

Securities and other financial instruments discussed in this research report: may lose value; are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal amount invested.